

General Assembly

Amendment

February Session, 2006

LCO No. 5056

SB0031705056SD0

Offered by:

SEN. MURPHY, 16th Dist. REP. SAYERS, 60th Dist. SEN. SLOSSBERG, 14th Dist. REP. OLSON, 46th Dist.

To: Subst. Senate Bill No. **317**

File No. 322

Cal. No. 258

"AN ACT CONCERNING REVISIONS TO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH STATUTES."

- 1 Strike section 2 in its entirety and renumber remaining sections and
- 2 internal references accordingly
- 3 Change the effective date of section 3 to "October 1, 2006"
- 4 Strike sections 6 and 7 in their entirety and insert the following in
- 5 lieu thereof:
- 6 "Sec. 6. Section 19a-266 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 7 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 8 (a) For purposes of this section:
- 9 (1) "Breast cancer [treatment] <u>screening and referral</u> services" means
- 10 necessary breast cancer screening services and referral services for a

11 procedure intended to treat cancer of the human breast, including, but

- not limited to, surgery, radiation therapy, chemotherapy, hormonal
- 13 therapy and related medical follow-up services.

- 14 (2) "Cervical cancer [treatment] <u>screening and referral</u> services" 15 means <u>necessary cervical cancer screening services and referral</u> 16 <u>services for</u> a procedure intended to treat cancer of the human cervix,
- including, but not limited to, surgery, radiation therapy, cryotherapy,
- 18 electrocoagulation and related medical follow-up services.
- 19 (3) "Unserved or underserved populations" means women who are:
- 20 (A) At or below two hundred per cent of the federal poverty level for
- 21 individuals; (B) without health insurance that covers breast cancer
- 22 screening mammography or cervical cancer screening services; and (C)
- 23 nineteen to sixty-four years of age.
- 24 (b) There is established, within existing appropriations, a breast and
- 25 cervical cancer early detection and treatment referral program, within
- 26 the Department of Public Health, to (1) promote screening, detection
- and treatment of breast cancer and cervical cancer among unserved or
- 28 underserved populations, [to] (2) educate the public regarding breast
- 29 cancer and cervical cancer and the benefits of early detection, and [to]
- 30 (3) provide counseling and referral services for treatment.
- 31 (c) The program shall include, but not be limited to:
- 32 (1) Establishment of a public education and outreach initiative to
- 33 publicize breast cancer and cervical cancer early detection services and
- 34 the extent of coverage for such services by health insurance; [,] the
- 35 <u>benefits of early detection of breast cancer and the recommended</u>
- 36 frequency of screening services, including clinical breast examinations
- 37 <u>and mammography; and</u> the medical assistance program and other
- 38 public and private programs and the benefits of early detection of
- 39 cervical cancer and the recommended frequency of pap tests;
- 40 (2) Development of professional education programs, including the
- 41 benefits of early detection of breast cancer and the recommended

frequency of mammography and the benefits of early detection of cervical cancer and the recommended frequency of pap tests;

- (3) Establishment of a system [for the purpose of tracking and follow-up of] to track and follow-up on all women screened for breast cancer and cervical cancer in the program. The system shall include, but not be limited to, follow-up of abnormal screening tests and referral to treatment when needed and tracking women to be screened at recommended screening intervals;
- (4) [Insurance] <u>Assurance</u> that all participating providers of breast cancer and cervical cancer screening are in compliance with national and state quality assurance legislative mandates.
- (d) The Department of Public Health shall provide unserved or underserved populations, within existing appropriations and through contracts with health care providers: (1) [One mammogram every year for populations age forty-five to sixty-four; (2) one mammogram every year for populations age thirty-five to forty-four with a first degree female relative who has had breast cancer or with other risk factors of equal weight; (3) one pap test for cervical cancer per year for populations age nineteen to sixty-four who have had a positive finding, otherwise one every three years or more frequently as directed by a physician; (4)] Clinical breast examinations, screening mammograms and pap tests, as recommended in the most current breast and cervical cancer screening guidelines established by the United States Preventive Services Task Force, for the woman's age and medical history; (2) a sixty-day follow-up pap test for victims of sexual assault; and [(5)] (3) a pap test every six months for women who have tested HIV positive.
- [(e) The Department of Public Health may apply for and receive money from public and private sources and from the federal government for the purposes of a program for breast cancer and cervical cancer early detection and treatment referral. Any payment to the state as a settlement of a court action of which the proceeds may be

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used for women's health shall be deposited in an account designated for use by the Department of Public Health for breast and cervical cancer treatment services.]

- [(f)] (e) The Commissioner of Public Health shall report annually to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health and appropriations. The report shall include, but not be limited to, a description of the rate of breast cancer and cervical cancer morbidity and mortality in this state and the extent of participation in breast cancer and cervical cancer screening.
- [(g)] (f) The organizations providing the testing and treatment services shall report to the Department of Public Health the names of the insurer of each underinsured woman being tested to facilitate recoupment.
- Sec. 7. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2006*) The Department of Public Health may apply for and receive money from public and private sources and from the federal government for the purpose of funding, in whole or in part, a comprehensive cancer program. Any payment to the state as a settlement of a court action of which the proceeds may be used for health shall be deposited in an account designated for use by the department for comprehensive cancer initiatives."
- 95 In line 334, insert an opening bracket before "consistently"
- In line 335, insert a closing bracket after "department" and after the closing bracket insert "fails to comply with the statutes and regulations for licensing youth camps"
- In line 355, after "penalty", insert "of not more than one hundred dollars per violation for each day of occurrence"
- In line 404, after "subsection.", insert "In connection with any investigation of a youth camp, the Commissioner of Public Health or said commissioner's authorized agent may administer oaths, issue

104 subpoenas, compel testimony and order the production of books,

- records and documents. If any person refuses to appear, to testify or to
- 106 produce any book, record or document when so ordered, a judge of
- the Superior Court may make such order as may be appropriate to aid
- in the enforcement of this section."
- In line 544, bracket the word "injecting,"
- In line 588, after "21a-240,", insert "as amended by this act,"
- In lines 591 and 600, strike the opening bracket before the second
- "or" and insert an opening bracket before "inject"
- In line 644, strike "subdivisions (1), (4), (6), (7), (8) and (9)" and insert
- "subdivision (4)" in lieu thereof
- Strike section 22 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu
- 116 thereof:
- "Sec. 22. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2006) Upon the transfer of more
- than a fifty per cent ownership share, discontinuance or termination of
- a funeral service business, the person, firm, partnership or corporation
- to whom the inspection certificate has been issued shall:
- 121 (1) Notify each person who has purchased a prepaid funeral
- 122 contract from such funeral service business of such transfer,
- 123 discontinuance or termination;
- 124 (2) Mail a letter to each person for whom the funeral service
- business is storing cremated remains notifying such person of such
- transfer, discontinuance or termination; and
- 127 (3) Provide the Department of Public Health with a notice of such
- 128 transfer, discontinuance or termination and a list of all unclaimed
- 129 cremated remains held by the funeral service business at the time of
- 130 such transfer, discontinuance or termination not later than ten days
- after any such transfer, discontinuance or termination."

Strike section 24 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:

- "Sec. 24. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2006) (a) As used in this section,
- "nursing facility management services" means services provided in a
- nursing facility to manage the operations of such facility, including the
- 137 provision of care and services.
- (b) On and after January 1, 2007, no person or entity shall provide
- 139 nursing facility management services in this state without obtaining a
- 140 certificate from the Department of Public Health.
- 141 (c) Any person or entity seeking a certificate to provide nursing
- 142 facility management services shall apply to the department, in writing,
- on a form prescribed by the department. Such application shall include
- the following information:
- 145 (1) The name and business address of the applicant and whether the
- 146 applicant is an individual, partnership, corporation or other legal
- 147 entity;
- 148 (2) A description of the applicant's nursing facility management
- 149 experience;
- 150 (3) An affidavit signed by the applicant disclosing any matter in
- which the applicant has been convicted of an offense classified as a
- 152 felony under section 53a-25 of the general statutes or pleaded nolo
- 153 contendere to a felony charge, or held liable or enjoined in a civil
- action by final judgment, if the felony or civil action involved fraud,
- 155 embezzlement, fraudulent conversion or misappropriation of
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- property; or is subject to a currently effective injunction or restrictive
- or remedial order of a court of record at the time of application, within
- 158 the past five years has had any state or federal license or permit
- 159 suspended or revoked as a result of an action brought by a
- 160 governmental agency or department, arising out of or relating to
- business activity or health care, including, but not limited to, actions
- affecting the operation of a nursing facility, residential care home or

any facility subject to sections 17b-520 to 17b-535, inclusive, of the general statutes, or a similar statute in another state or country; and

- (4) The location and description of any nursing facility in which the applicant currently provides management services or has provided such services within the past five years.
- (d) In addition to the information provided pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, the department may reasonably request to review the applicant's audited and certified financial statements, which shall remain the property of the applicant when used for either initial or renewal certification under this section.
 - (e) Each application for a certificate to provide nursing facility management services shall be accompanied by an application fee of three hundred dollars. The certificate shall list each location at which nursing facility management services may be provided by the holder of the certificate.
- (f) The department shall base its decision on whether to issue or renew a certificate on the information presented to the department and on the compliance status of the managed entities. The department may deny certification to any applicant for the provision of nursing facility management services at any specific facility or facilities where there has been a substantial failure to comply with the Public Health Code.
- (g) Renewal applications shall be made biennially after (1) submission of the information required by subsection (c) of this section and any other information required by the department pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, and (2) submission of evidence satisfactory to the department that any nursing facility at which the applicant provides nursing facility management services is in substantial compliance with the provisions of chapter 368v of the general statutes, the Public Health Code and licensing regulations, and (3) payment of a three-hundred-dollar fee.

194 (h) In any case in which the Commissioner of Public Health finds 195 that there has been a substantial failure to comply with the 196 requirements established under this section, the commissioner may 197 initiate disciplinary action against a nursing facility management 198 services certificate holder pursuant to section 19a-494 of the general 199 statutes.

- (i) The department may limit or restrict the provision of management services by any nursing facility management services certificate holder against whom disciplinary action has been initiated under subsection (h) of this section."
- 204 Strike sections 35 and 36 in their entirety and insert the following in 205 lieu thereof:
- 206 "Sec. 35. Subdivision (19) of section 19a-175 of the general statutes is 207 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from 208 passage):
- 209 (19) "Management service" means an <u>employment</u> organization [which] that does not own or lease ambulances or other emergency 210 medical vehicles and that provides emergency medical technicians or 212 paramedics to [any entity including an ambulance service but does not 213 include a commercial ambulance service or a volunteer or municipal 214 ambulance service an emergency medical service organization.
- 215 Sec. 36. Section 19a-180 of the general statutes is repealed and the 216 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) No person shall operate any ambulance service, rescue service or management service without either a license or a certificate issued by the commissioner. No person shall operate a commercial ambulance service or commercial rescue service or a management service without a license issued by the commissioner. A certificate shall be issued to any volunteer or municipal ambulance service which shows proof satisfactory to the commissioner that it meets the minimum standards of the commissioner in the areas of training, equipment and personnel.

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Applicants for a license shall use the forms prescribed by the commissioner and shall submit such application to the commissioner accompanied by an annual fee of one hundred dollars. In considering requests for approval of permits for new or expanded emergency medical services in any region, the commissioner shall consult with the Office of Emergency Medical Services and the emergency medical services council of such region and shall hold a public hearing to determine the necessity for such services. Written notice of such hearing shall be given to current providers in the geographic region where such new or expanded services would be implemented, provided, any volunteer ambulance service which elects not to levy charges for services rendered under this chapter shall be exempt from the provisions concerning requests for approval of permits for new or expanded emergency medical services set forth in this subsection. A primary service area responder in a municipality in which the applicant operates or proposes to operate shall, upon request, be granted intervenor status with opportunity for cross-examination. Each applicant for licensure shall furnish proof of financial responsibility which the commissioner deems sufficient to satisfy any claim. The commissioner may adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to establish satisfactory kinds of coverage and limits of insurance for each applicant for either licensure or certification. Until such regulations are adopted, the following shall be the required limits for licensure: (1) For damages by reason of personal injury to, or the death of, one person on account of any accident, at least five hundred thousand dollars, and more than one person on account of any accident, at least one million dollars, (2) for damage to property at least fifty thousand dollars, and (3) for malpractice in the care of one passenger at least two hundred fifty thousand dollars, and for more than one passenger at least five hundred thousand dollars. In lieu of the limits set forth in subdivisions (1) to (3), inclusive, of this subsection, a single limit of liability shall be allowed as follows: (A) For damages by reason of personal injury to, or death of, one or more persons and damage to property, at least one million dollars; and (B) for malpractice in the care of one or more passengers, at least five

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hundred thousand dollars. A certificate of such proof shall be filed with the commissioner. Upon determination by the commissioner that an applicant is financially responsible, properly certified and otherwise qualified to operate a commercial ambulance service, rescue service or management service, the commissioner shall issue [a] the appropriate license effective for one year to such applicant. If the commissioner determines that an applicant for either a certificate or license is not so qualified, the commissioner shall notify such applicant of the denial of the application with a statement of the reasons for such denial. Such applicant shall have thirty days to request a hearing on the denial of the application.

(b) Any person, management service organization or emergency medical service organization which does not maintain standards or violates regulations adopted under any section of this chapter applicable to such person or organization may have such person's or organization's license or certification suspended or revoked or may be subject to any other disciplinary action specified in section 19a-17 after notice by certified mail to such person or organization of the facts or conduct which warrant the intended action. Such person or emergency medical service organization shall have an opportunity to show compliance with all requirements for the retention of such certificate or license. In the conduct of any investigation by the commissioner of alleged violations of the standards or regulations adopted under the provisions of this chapter, the commissioner may issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of witnesses and the production by any medical service organization or person of reports, records, tapes or other documents which concern the allegations under investigation. All records obtained by the commissioner in connection with any such investigation shall not be subject to the provisions of section 1-210, as amended, for a period of six months from the date of the petition or other event initiating such investigation, or until such time as the investigation is terminated pursuant to a withdrawal or other informal disposition or until a hearing is convened pursuant to chapter 54, whichever is earlier. A complaint, as defined in subdivision (6) of

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section 19a-13, shall be subject to the provisions of section 1-210, as amended, from the time that it is served or mailed to the respondent. Records which are otherwise public records shall not be deemed confidential merely because they have been obtained in connection with an investigation under this chapter.

- (c) Any person, management service organization or emergency medical service organization aggrieved by an act or decision of the commissioner regarding certification or licensure may appeal in the manner provided by chapter 54.
- (d) Any person guilty of any of the following acts shall be fined not more than two hundred fifty dollars, or imprisoned not more than three months, or be both fined and imprisoned: (1) In any application to the commissioner or in any proceeding before or investigation made by the commissioner, knowingly making any false statement or representation, or, with knowledge of its falsity, filing or causing to be filed any false statement or representation in a required application or statement; (2) issuing, circulating or publishing or causing to be issued, circulated or published any form of advertisement or circular for the purpose of soliciting business which contains any statement that is false or misleading, or otherwise likely to deceive a reader thereof, with knowledge that it contains such false, misleading or deceptive statement; (3) giving or offering to give anything of value to any person for the purpose of promoting or securing ambulance or rescue service business or obtaining favors relating thereto; (4) administering or causing to be administered, while serving in the capacity of an employee of any licensed ambulance or rescue service, any alcoholic liquor to any patient in such employee's care, except under the supervision and direction of a licensed physician; (5) in any respect wilfully violating or failing to comply with any provision of this chapter or wilfully violating, failing, omitting or neglecting to obey or comply with any regulation, order, decision or license, or any part or provisions thereof; (6) with one or more other persons, conspiring to violate any license or order issued by the commissioner or any provision of this chapter.

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(e) No person shall place any advertisement or produce any printed matter that holds that person out to be an ambulance service unless such person is licensed or certified pursuant to this section. Any such advertisement or printed matter shall include the license or certificate number issued by the commissioner.

- (f) Each licensed or certified ambulance service shall secure and maintain medical control, as defined in section 19a-179 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes, by a sponsor hospital, as defined in said section 19a-179, for all its emergency medical personnel, whether such personnel are employed by the ambulance service or a management service.
- 339 (g) Each applicant whose request for new or expanded emergency 340 medical services is approved shall, not later than six months after the 341 date of such approval, acquire the necessary resources, equipment and 342 other material necessary to comply with the terms of the approval and 343 operate in the service area identified in the application. If the applicant 344 fails to do so, the approval for new or expanded medical services shall 345 be void and the commissioner shall rescind the approval.
 - (h) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, any volunteer or municipal ambulance service that is licensed or certified and is a primary service area responder may apply to the commissioner to add one emergency vehicle to its existing fleet every three years, on a short form application prescribed by the commissioner. No such volunteer or municipal ambulance service may add more than one emergency vehicle to its existing fleet pursuant to this subsection regardless of the number of municipalities served by such volunteer or municipal ambulance service. Upon making such application, the applicant shall notify in writing all other primary service area responders in any municipality or abutting municipality in which the applicant proposes to add the additional emergency vehicle. Except in the case where a primary service area responder entitled to receive notification of such application objects, in writing, to the commissioner not later than fifteen calendar days after receiving

such notice, the application shall be deemed approved thirty calendar days after filing. If any such primary service area responder files an objection with the commissioner within the fifteen calendar day timeperiod and requests a hearing, the applicant shall be required to demonstrate need at a public hearing as required under subsection (a)

- (i) The commissioner shall develop a short form application for primary service area responders seeking to add an emergency vehicle to its existing fleet pursuant to subsection (h) of this section. The application shall require the applicant to provide such information as the commissioner deems necessary, including, but not limited to, (1) the applicant's name and address, (2) the primary service area where the additional vehicle is proposed, (3) an explanation as to why the additional vehicle is necessary and its proposed use, (4) proof of insurance, (5) a list of the providers to whom notice was sent pursuant to subsection (h) of this section and proof of such notification, and (6) total call volume, response time and calls passed within the primary service area for the one year period preceding the date of the application."
- 380 Strike section 41 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu 381 thereof:
- "Sec. 41. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) On or before October 1, 2006, the Department of Public Health shall publish guidelines establishing mold abatement protocols that include acceptable methods for performing mold remediation or abatement work. Such guidelines shall not be deemed to be regulations, as defined in section 4-166 of the general statutes."
- Strike section 42 in its entirety and renumber remaining sections and internal references accordingly
- 390 Strike section 43 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu 391 thereof:

of this section.

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"Sec. 43. Subsection (c) of section 19a-127*l* of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):

- (c) (1) There is established a Quality of Care Advisory Committee which shall advise the Department of Public Health on the issues set forth in subdivisions (1) to (12), inclusive, of subsection (b) of this section. The advisory committee shall meet at least quarterly.
- (2) Said committee shall create a standing subcommittee on best practices. The subcommittee shall (A) advise the department on effective methods for sharing with providers the quality improvement information learned from the department's review of reports and corrective action plans, including quality improvement practices, patient safety issues and preventative strategies, [and] (B) not later than January 1, 2006, review and make recommendations concerning best practices with respect to when breast cancer screening should be conducted using comprehensive ultrasound screening or mammogram examinations, and (C) not later than January 1, 2008, study and make recommendations to the department concerning best practices with respect to communications between a patient's primary care provider and other providers involved in a patient's care, including hospitalists and specialists. The department shall, at least quarterly, disseminate information regarding quality improvement practices, patient safety issues and preventative strategies to the subcommittee and hospitals."
- After the last section, add the following and renumber sections and internal references accordingly:
- "Sec. 501. Subsection (g) of section 19a-490 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (g) "Mental health facility" means any facility for the care or treatment of mentally ill or emotionally disturbed [adults] <u>persons</u>, or any mental health outpatient treatment facility that provides treatment to persons sixteen years of age or older who are receiving services

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from the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services, but does not include family care homes for the mentally ill.

Sec. 502. Section 20-65i of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

A license to practice athletic training shall not be required of: (1) A practitioner who is licensed or certified by a state agency and is performing services within the scope of practice for which such person is licensed or certified; (2) a student intern or trainee pursuing a course of study in athletic training, provided the activities of such student intern or trainee are performed under the supervision of a person licensed to practice athletic training and the student intern or trainee is given the title of "athletic trainer intern", or similar designation; (3) a person employed or volunteering as a coach of amateur sports who provides first aid for athletic injuries to athletes being coached by such person; (4) a person who furnishes assistance in an emergency; or (5) a person who acts as an athletic trainer in this state for less than thirty days per calendar year and who is licensed as an athletic trainer by another state or is certified by the [National Athletic Trainers' Association] Board of Certification, Inc., or its successor organization.

- Sec. 503. Section 20-65j of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
 - (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, an applicant for a license to practice athletic training shall have: (1) A baccalaureate degree from a regionally accredited institution of higher education, or from an institution of higher learning located outside of the United States that is legally chartered to grant postsecondary degrees in the country in which such institution is located; and (2) current certification as an athletic trainer by the [National Athletic Trainers' Association] Board of Certification, Inc., or its successor organization.
- (b) An applicant for licensure to practice athletic training by endorsement shall present evidence satisfactory to the commissioner

456 (1) of licensure or certification as an athletic trainer, or as a person 457 entitled to perform similar services under a different designation, in 458 another state having requirements for practicing in such capacity that 459 are substantially similar to or higher than the requirements in force in 460 this state, and (2) that there is no disciplinary action or unresolved 461 complaint pending against such applicant.

- (c) [For the period from the effective date of this section to one year from said date] Prior to April 30, 2007, the commissioner shall grant a license as an athletic trainer to any applicant who presents evidence satisfactory to the commissioner of (1) the continuous providing of services as an athletic trainer since October 1, 1979, or (2) certification as an athletic trainer by the [National Athletic Trainers' Association] Board of Certification, Inc., or its successor organization.
- 469 Sec. 504. Section 20-65k of the general statutes is repealed and the 470 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) The commissioner shall grant a license to practice athletic training to an applicant who presents evidence satisfactory to the commissioner of having met the requirements of section 20-65j. An application for such license shall be made on a form required by the commissioner. The fee for an initial license under this section shall be one hundred fifty dollars.
- 477 (b) A license to practice athletic training may be renewed in 478 accordance with the provisions of section 19a-88, as amended, 479 provided any licensee applying for license renewal shall maintain 480 certification as an athletic trainer by the [National Athletic Trainers' Association Board of Certification, Inc., or its successor organization. 482 The fee for such renewal shall be one hundred dollars.
- 483 Sec. 505. (NEW) (Effective from passage) The Department of Public 484 Health may take any action set forth in section 19a-17 of the general 485 statutes if a person issued a license pursuant to section 20-65k of the 486 general statutes, as amended by this act, fails to conform to the 487 accepted standards of the athletic trainer profession, including, but not

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limited to, the following: Conviction of a felony; fraud or deceit in the practice of athletic training; illegal, negligent, incompetent or wrongful conduct in professional activities; emotional disorder or mental illness; physical illness including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process; abuse or excessive use of drugs, including alcohol, narcotics or chemicals; wilful falsification of entries into any patient record pertaining to athletic training; misrepresentation concealment of a material fact in the obtaining or reinstatement of an athletic trainer license; or violation of any provisions of chapter 375a of the general statutes, or any regulation adopted under said chapter 375a. The Commissioner of Public Health may order a license holder to submit to a reasonable physical or mental examination if the license holder's physical or mental capacity to practice safely is the subject of an investigation. The commissioner may petition the superior court for the judicial district of Hartford to enforce such order or any action taken pursuant to section 19a-17 of the general statutes. Notice of any contemplated action under said section 19a-17, the cause of the action and the date of a hearing on the action shall be given and an opportunity for hearing afforded in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes.

Sec. 506. Section 20-71 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

- (a) The Department of Public Health may issue a license to practice physical therapy without examination, on payment of a fee of two hundred twenty-five dollars, to an applicant who is a physical therapist registered or licensed under the laws of any other state or territory of the United States, any province of Canada or any other country, if the requirements for registration or licensure of physical therapists in such state, territory, province or country were, at the time of application, similar to or higher than the requirements in force in this state.
- 519 (b) The department may issue a physical therapist assistant license 520 without examination, on payment of a fee of one hundred fifty dollars,

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521 to an applicant who [: (1) Is] is a physical therapist assistant registered 522 or licensed under the laws of any other state or territory of the United 523 States, any province of Canada or any other country, if the 524 requirements for registration or licensure of physical therapist 525 assistants in such state, territory, province or country were, at the time 526 of application, similar to or higher than the requirements in force in 527 this state. [; (2) was eligible for registration as a physical therapist 528 assistant before the later of October 1, 2000, or the date notice is 529 published by the Commissioner of Public Health in the Connecticut 530 Law Journal indicating that the licensing of athletic trainers and 531 therapist assistants is being implemented by 532 commissioner; or (3) as of July 1, 2000, (A) is a graduate of an 533 approved United States physical therapy school, approved by the 534 Board of Examiners for Physical Therapists, with the consent of the 535 Commissioner of Public Health, or (B) has completed twenty years of 536 employment as a physical therapist assistant prior to October 1, 1989.]

- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 20-70, prior to April 30, 2007, the commissioner may issue a physical therapist assistant license to any applicant who presents evidence satisfactory to the commissioner of having completed twenty years of employment as a physical therapist assistant prior to October 1, 1989, on payment of a fee of one hundred fifty dollars.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 20-70, the commissioner may issue a physical therapist assistant license to any applicant who presents evidence satisfactory to the commissioner of having registered as a physical therapist assistant with the Department of Public Health on or before April 1, 2006, on payment of a fee of one hundred fifty dollars.
- Sec. 507. Section 20-195dd of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- 551 (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, an 552 applicant for a license as a professional counselor shall submit

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evidence satisfactory to the Commissioner of Public Health of having: (1) Completed sixty graduate semester hours deemed to be in or related to the discipline of [professional] counseling by the National Board for Certified Counselors, or its successor organization, at a regionally accredited institution of higher education, which included the core and clinical curriculum of the Council for Accreditation of Counseling and Related Educational Programs and preparation in principles of etiology, diagnosis, treatment planning and prevention of mental and emotional disorders and dysfunctional behavior; [, and has] (2) earned, from a regionally accredited institution of higher education [with a major deemed to be in the discipline of professional counseling by the National Board for Certified Counselors or its successor organization, either] (A) a master's degree of at least fortytwo graduate semester hours [or] with a major deemed to be in the discipline of counseling by the National Board for Certified Counselors or its successor organization, (B) a master's degree with a major in social work, marriage and family therapy, counseling, psychology or a related mental health field and a sixth-year degree deemed to be in the discipline of counseling by the National Board for Certified Counselors or its successor organization, or [(B)] (C) a doctoral degree with a major deemed to be in the discipline of counseling by the National Board for Certified Counselors or its successor organization; [(2)] (3) acquired three thousand hours of postgraduate-degree-supervised experience in the practice of professional counseling, performed over a period of not less than one year, that included a minimum of one hundred hours of direct supervision by (A) a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 370 who has obtained certification in psychiatry from the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, (B) a psychologist licensed pursuant to chapter 383, (C) an advanced practice registered nurse licensed pursuant to chapter 378 and certified as a clinical specialist in adult psychiatric and mental health nursing with the American Nurses Credentialing Center, (D) a marital and family therapist licensed pursuant to chapter 383a, (E) a clinical social worker licensed pursuant to chapter 383b, (F) a professional counselor licensed, or prior to October 1, 1998, eligible for licensure, pursuant to

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section 20-195cc, or (G) a physician certified in psychiatry by the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, psychologist, advanced practice registered nurse certified as a clinical specialist in adult psychiatric and mental health nursing with the American Nurses Credentialing Center, marital and family therapist, clinical social worker or professional counselor licensed or certified as such or as a person entitled to perform similar services, under a different designation, in another state or jurisdiction whose requirements for practicing in such capacity are substantially similar to or higher than those of this state; and [(3)] (4) passed an examination prescribed by the commissioner.

- (b) Prior to December 30, 2001, an applicant for a license as a professional counselor may, in lieu of the requirements set forth in subsection (a) of this section, submit evidence satisfactory to the commissioner of having: (A) Earned at least a thirty-hour master's degree, sixth-year degree or doctoral degree from a regionally accredited institution of higher education with a major in social work, marriage and family therapy, counseling, psychology or forensic psychology; (B) practiced professional counseling for a minimum of two years within a five-year period immediately preceding application; and (C) passed an examination prescribed by the commissioner.
- (c) An applicant for licensure by endorsement shall present evidence satisfactory to the commissioner that the applicant is licensed or certified as a professional counselor, or as a person entitled to perform similar services under a different designation, in another state or jurisdiction whose requirements for practicing in such capacity are substantially similar to or higher than those of this state and that there are no disciplinary actions or unresolved complaints pending.
- Sec. 508. (*Effective from passage*) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 20-195cc of the general statutes and section 20-195dd of the general statutes, as amended by this act, during the period commencing on the effective date of this section and ending thirty

days after said effective date, the commissioner shall grant a license as a professional counselor to any applicant who furnishes evidence satisfactory to the Commissioner of Public Health that the applicant has (1) earned a doctoral degree in psychology prior to 1983, (2) completed at least nine semester hours in counseling or counseling related coursework from a regionally accredited institution of higher education, (3) passed an examination prescribed by the Commissioner of Public Health, and (4) acquired three thousand hours of postgraduate supervised experience in the practice of professional counseling, performed over a period of not less than one year, that included a minimum of one hundred hours of direct supervision by a professional counselor licensed pursuant to section 20-195cc of the general statutes.

- Sec. 509. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) For purposes of this section and section 510 of this act:
 - (1) "Drugs" means (A) substances recognized as drugs in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official National Formulary, or any supplement to any of said publications; (B) substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in man or animals; (C) substances, other than food, intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or animals; and (D) substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in subparagraph (A), (B) or (C) of this subdivision. "Drugs" does not include devices or their components, parts or accessories;
 - (2) "Controlled drugs" means those drugs which contain any quantity of a substance which has been designated as subject to the federal Controlled Substances Act, or which has been designated as a depressant or stimulant drug pursuant to federal food and drug laws, or which has been designated by the Commissioner of Consumer Protection pursuant to section 21a-243 of the general statutes, as having a stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect upon the higher functions of the central nervous system and as having a

tendency to promote abuse or psychological or physiological 655 dependence, or both. Such controlled drugs are classifiable as 656 amphetamine-type, barbiturate-type, cannabis-type, cocaine-type, hallucinogenic, morphine-type and other stimulant and depressant 657

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(3) "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance or immediate precursor in schedules I to V, inclusive, of the Connecticut controlled substance scheduling regulations adopted pursuant to section 21a-243 of the general statutes. "Controlled substance" does not include alcohol, nicotine or caffeine.

drugs. "Controlled drugs" does not include alcohol, nicotine or

- 665 (b) Upon declaration of an emergency by the Governor or the 666 Governor's authorized representative having authority to declare emergencies, a hospital pharmacy, pharmacy or registrant authorized 667 by state or federal law to be in possession of controlled substances 668 669 may, in accordance with applicable federal regulations, policies and 670 guidelines and with prior approval of the Commissioner of Consumer 671 Protection, transfer or distribute drugs or controlled drugs to a 672 licensed pharmacy, a registrant authorized by state or federal law to be 673 in possession of controlled substances, or a location authorized by the 674 commissioner. Such registrant shall record the transfer accurately and 675 in compliance with all state and federal statutes and regulations and 676 shall report the transfer, in writing, to the commissioner.
 - Sec. 510. (NEW) (Effective from passage) (a) Each licensed wholesaler that distributes prescription drugs, including licensed repackagers of the finished form of controlled drugs or noncontrolled prescription drug products, shall provide the Commissioner of Consumer Protection an inventory report regarding such wholesaler's on-hand inventory of specifically identified prescription drugs, in all forms and strengths.
- 684 (b) (1) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall establish a 685 list of strategic prescription drugs for which reporting is required

686 pursuant to subsection (a) of this section. The list shall include, but not 687 be limited to, selected vaccines and antibiotic products. The list shall 688 be based on priorities established by the commissioner after 689 consultation with the Commissioner of Public Health. The list shall be 690 based upon anticipated medication requirements for public health 691 preparedness, pharmacological-terrorism prevention or response, and 692 medication and economic integrity and shall be issued biannually, 693 indicating any additions, substitutions or deletions that have been 694 made to such list since it was last issued.

- (2) An inventory report made pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall include, but not be limited to, (A) the name, address, town and state of the wholesaler and manufacturer, (B) the name of the prescription drug, (C) the quantity of the drug on hand, including the size of each container and number of containers, and (D) the date of the report. Such information shall be reported at such time and in a manner prescribed by the Commissioner of Consumer Protection.
- (c) Information provided by licensed wholesalers pursuant to this section shall not be subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, as defined in section 1-200 of the general statutes, and shall be available only to the Department of Consumer Protection, the Department of Public Health, the Office of Emergency Management and such other agencies or entities as the Commissioner of Consumer Protection determines, after request by such agency or entity and demonstration of a need for the information for purposes of public 710 health preparedness, pharmacological-terrorism prevention response, medication integrity or such other purpose deemed appropriate by the commissioner.
 - (d) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection, with the advice and assistance of the Commission of Pharmacy, may adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54 of the general statutes, to carry out the provisions of this section.
- 717 (e) Any person who violates the provisions of subsection (a) of this

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section shall be fined not more than ten thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

Sec. 511. (Effective from passage) (a) The Commissioner of Public Health shall establish an ad hoc committee for the purpose of assisting the commissioner in examining and evaluating statutory and regulatory changes to improve health care through access to school based health centers, particularly by persons who are underinsured, uninsured or receiving services under the state Medicaid program. The committee shall hold its first meeting not later than July 15, 2006. The committee shall focus on improving school based resources, facilitating access to school based health centers and identifying or recommending appropriate fiscal support for the operational and capital activities of school based health centers. The committee shall also assess the current school based health center system, with particular focus on (1) expansion of existing services in order to achieve the school based health center model, (2) supportive processes necessary for such expansion, including the development and use of unified data systems, (3) identifying geographical areas of need, (4) financing necessary to sustain an expanded system, and (5) availability of services under the current system and under an expanded system. Other topics may be included at the discretion of the commissioner and the committee.

- (b) (1) The ad hoc committee shall consist of the Commissioners of Public Health and Social Services, or their designees, and the following members appointed by the Commissioner of Public Health (A) two employees of the Department of Public Health, (B) one employee of the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services recommended by the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services, (C) one employee of the Office of Policy and Management recommended by the Office of Policy and Management, and (D) three school based health center providers recommended by the Connecticut Association of School Based Health Centers.
- 750 (2) The Commissioner of Public Health may expand the

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751 membership of the ad hoc committee to include representatives from

- 752 related fields if the commissioner decides such expansion would be
- 753 useful.
- 754 (c) On or before December 1, 2006, the Commissioner of Public
- 755 Health shall submit, in accordance with section 11-4a of the general
- statutes, the results of the examination, with specific recommendations
- 757 for any necessary statutory or regulatory changes, to the Governor and
- 758 the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having
- 759 cognizance of matters relating to public health.
- Sec. 512. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2006) The Department of Public
- 761 Health shall, within available appropriations, establish
- 762 comprehensive cancer plan for the state of Connecticut. Such plan shall
- 763 provide for (1) creation of a state-wide smoking cessation program
- 764 targeting Medicaid recipients, (2) development and implementation of
- 765 a program to encourage colorectal screenings for state residents, (3)
- 766 development and implementation of a state-wide clinical trials
- network, (4) identification of services for, and provision of assistance
- 768 to, cancer survivors, and (5) identification of, and the provision of
- services to, organizations that offer educational programs on hospice
- 770 or palliative care.
- 771 Sec. 513. Section 1 of house bill 5616 of the current session is
- 772 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from
- 773 passage):
- 774 (a) As used in this section, "clinical laboratory" has the same
- 775 meaning as provided in section 19a-30 of the general statutes, and
- 776 "patient" does not include any person under eighteen years of age.
- 777 (b) Beginning September 1, 2006:
- 778 (1) Each physician licensed under chapter 370 of the general statutes
- shall order a serum creatinine test as part of each patient's annual
- 780 physical examination if the patient has not submitted to such test
- 781 within the one-year period preceding the annual physical examination.

The order shall include a notification that the test is being ordered pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision.

- [(2) Each hospital licensed in this state shall order a serum creatinine test for each patient admitted to the hospital at least once during such patient's hospital stay. The order shall include a notification that the test is being ordered pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision.]
- (2) For each serum creatinine test performed on a patient admitted as an inpatient to a hospital licensed in this state, the ordering provider shall request, at least once during such patient's hospital stay, that the laboratory performing the test include an estimated glomerular filtration rate in the laboratory report if the patient has not submitted to such test within the one-year period preceding such hospitalization.
- (3) Any person, firm or corporation operating a clinical laboratory licensed in this state shall ensure that when the clinical laboratory tests a specimen to determine a patient's serum creatinine level, as ordered or prescribed by a physician or <u>provider in a</u> hospital pursuant to subdivision (1) or (2) of this section, the clinical laboratory shall (A) calculate the patient's estimated glomerular filtration rate using the patient's age and gender, which information shall be provided to the clinical laboratory by the physician or <u>the provider in a</u> hospital, and (B) include the patient's estimated glomerular filtration rate with its report to the physician or <u>the provider in a</u> hospital.
- (4) A person, firm or corporation operating a clinical laboratory licensed in this state shall be deemed in compliance with subdivision (3) of this section if the clinical laboratory makes available to the ordering physician or <u>provider in a hospital test order codes</u> for serum creatinine that include eGFR."
- Sec. 514. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2006*) Each public golf course, as defined in section 30-33 of the general statutes, shall provide and maintain in a central location on the premises of the public golf course, at least one automatic external defibrillator, as defined in section 19a-175 of the general statutes.

814 Sec. 515. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2006) (a) As used in this section, 815 "Alzheimer's special care unit or program" means any nursing facility, 816 residential care home, assisted living facility, adult congregate living 817 facility, adult day care center, hospice or adult foster home that locks, 818 secures, segregates or provides a special program or unit for residents 819 with a diagnosis of probable Alzheimer's disease, dementia or other 820 similar disorder, in order to prevent or limit access by a resident 821 outside the designated or separated area, and that advertises or 822 markets the facility as providing specialized care or services for 823 persons suffering from Alzheimer's disease or dementia.

- (b) On and after January 1, 2007, each Alzheimer's special care unit or program shall provide written disclosure to any person who will be placed in such a unit or program or to that person's legal representative or other responsible party. Such disclosure shall be signed by the patient or responsible party and shall explain what additional care and treatment or specialized program will be provided in the Alzheimer's special care unit or program that is distinct from the care and treatment required by applicable licensing rules and regulations, including, but not limited to:
- (1) Philosophy. A written statement of the overall philosophy and mission of the Alzheimer's special care unit or program that reflects the needs of residents with Alzheimer's disease, dementia or other similar disorders.
- (2) Preadmission, admission and discharge. The process and criteria for placement within or transfer or discharge from the Alzheimer's special care unit or program.
 - (3) Assessment, care planning and implementation. The process used for assessing and establishing and implementing the plan of care, including the method by which the plan of care is modified in response to changes in condition.
- 844 (4) Staffing patterns and training ratios. The nature and extent of 845 staff coverage, including staff to patient ratios and staff training and

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- 846 continuing education.
- (5) Physical environment. The physical environment and design features appropriate to support the functioning of cognitively impaired adult residents.
- 850 (6) Residents' activities. The frequency and types of resident 851 activities and the ratio of residents to recreation staff.
- (7) Family role in care. The involvement of families and family support programs.
- 854 (8) Program costs. The cost of care and any additional fees.
- standard disclosure form for compliance with subsection (b) of this section and shall annually review and verify the accuracy of the information provided by Alzheimer's special care units or programs. Each Alzheimer's special care unit or program shall update any significant changes to the information reported pursuant to subsection (b) of this section not later than thirty days after such change.
 - Sec. 516. (NEW) (Effective from passage) Each Alzheimer's special care unit or program shall annually provide Alzheimer's and dementia specific training to all licensed and registered direct care staff who provide direct patient care to residents enrolled in Alzheimer's special care units or programs. Such requirements shall include, but not limited to, (1) not less than eight hours of dementia-specific training, which shall be completed not later than six months after the date of employment and not less than three hours of such training annually thereafter, and (2) annual training of not less than two hours in pain recognition and administration of pain management techniques for direct care staff.
- Sec. 517. Subsection (f) of section 28-25b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

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(f) On and after January 1, 2001, each public safety answering point shall submit to the office, on a quarterly basis, a report of [the calls for emergency medical services received all calls for services received through the 9-1-1 system by the public safety answering point. Such report shall include, but not be limited to, the following information: (1) The number of 9-1-1 calls during the reporting quarter; [that involved a medical emergency; and (2) for each such call, the elapsed time period from the time the call was received to the time the call was answered, and the elapsed time period from the time the call was answered to the time [emergency response services were dispatched or] the call was transferred or [relayed to another public safety agency or private safety agency] terminated, expressed in time ranges or fractile response times. The information required under this subsection may be submitted in any written or electronic form selected by such public safety answering point and approved by the Commissioner of Public Safety, provided the commissioner shall take into consideration the needs of such public safety answering point in approving such written or electronic form. On a quarterly basis, the office shall [furnish such information to the Commissioner of Public Health, shall] make such information available to the public and shall post such information on its web site on the Internet.

Sec. 518. Subsection (b) of section 19a-80 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(b) Upon receipt of an application for a license, the Commissioner of Public Health shall issue such license if, upon inspection and investigation, he finds that the applicant, the facilities and the program meet the health, educational and social needs of children likely to attend the child day care center or group day care home and comply with requirements established by regulations adopted under sections 19a-77 to 19a-80, inclusive, as amended, and 19a-82 to 19a-87, inclusive. Each license except a temporary license shall be for a term of two years, shall be inalienable, may be renewed upon terms and conditions established by regulation and may be suspended or

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910 revoked after notice and an opportunity for a hearing as provided in 911 section 19a-84 for violation of the regulations promulgated under 912 sections 19a-77 to 19a-80, inclusive, as amended, and 19a-82 to 19a-87, 913 inclusive. The commissioner may issue a temporary license for a term 914 of six months and renewable for another six months, upon such terms 915 and conditions as shall be provided in regulations adopted under said 916 sections. The Commissioner of Public Health shall collect from the 917 licensee of a day care center a fee of two hundred dollars for each 918 license issued or renewed for a term of two years and a fee of fifty 919 dollars for each temporary license issued or renewed for a term of six 920 months. The Commissioner of Public Health shall collect from the 921 licensee of a group day care home a fee of one hundred dollars for each 922 license issued or renewed for a term of two years and a fee of thirty 923 dollars for each temporary license issued or renewed for a term of six 924 months. A child day care center shall only require one license for two 925 or more buildings if each building is operated by the same licensee and 926 the buildings are joined together by a contiguous playground that is 927 part of the licensed space.

928 Sec. 519. Section 53-341 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

[No person engaged in the practice of any branch of the art of healing the sick or injured or professing to be engaged in such practice shall make use of the title "doctor" or any abbreviation thereof without further specification or qualification descriptive of the school or kind of practice engaged in by such person or advertise as possessing such title unless such person has received a degree of doctor of medicine or doctor of dental surgery from a reputable university or college authorized by law to confer such a degree. No person who has not been legally licensed or registered to practice any branch of the healing arts in this state shall use or advertise or permit to be used or advertised in connection with such person's name or any trade name in the conduct of any occupation or profession involving or pertaining to public health the title "doctor" or any abbreviation thereof or any designation tending to designate the capability to diagnose, treat,

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944 prevent or cure of any human disease, pain, injury, deformity or physical condition, actual or imaginary, except that any dentist who 945 has received a degree of doctor of dental surgery from a reputable 946 947 university or college authorized by law to confer such degree and who 948 is licensed to practice dentistry in this state may be designated as the 949 possessor of such degree or title. No provision of this section shall 950 apply to any person admitted to practice under the provisions of the 951 Medical Registration Act of 1893. Any person violating any provision 952 of this section shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars or 953 imprisoned not more than sixty days or both.]

- (a) Except as otherwise permitted by chapters 369 to 388, inclusive, and subsection (b) of this section, no person engaged in the practice of any branch of the art of healing the sick or injured or professing to be engaged in such practice, other than a person who is licensed to practice medicine under the provisions of chapter 370, may use or imply the use of the words "physician", "surgeon", "medical doctor", "osteopath" or "doctor", or the initials "M.D.", "D.O." or "Dr.", or any similar title or description of services, with the intent to represent, or in a manner that is likely to induce the belief that, the person (1) practices medicine within the state, (2) is licensed to practice medicine within the state, or (3) may diagnose or treat any injury, deformity, ailment or disease, actual or imaginary, of another person for compensation, gain or reward.
- 967 (b) A person who holds the degree of doctor of medicine or doctor of osteopathy, but who is not licensed to practice medicine under the 968 969 provisions of chapter 370, may use the initials "M.D." or "D.O." 970 provided such initials are not used with the intent to represent, or in a 971 manner that is likely to induce the belief that, the person (1) practices 972 medicine within the state, (2) is licensed to practice medicine within 973 the state, or (3) may diagnose or treat any injury, deformity, ailment or 974 disease, actual or imaginary, of another person for compensation, gain 975 or reward.
- 976 (c) Any person who violates the provisions of this section or section

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977 <u>20-9 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes, section 20-12d of</u>

- 978 the 2006 supplement to the general statutes or section 20-12n shall be
- 979 <u>fined not more than five hundred dollars or imprisoned not more than</u>
- 980 five years, or both. For purposes of this section, each instance of
- 981 patient contact or consultation that is in violation of chapter 370 shall
- 982 <u>constitute a separate offense. Failure to renew a license in a timely</u>
- 983 manner shall not constitute a violation of this section.
- 984 Sec. 520. Section 1-55 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- In a statutory short form power of attorney, the language conferring
- 987 general authority with respect to all other matters shall be construed to
- 988 mean that the principal authorizes the agent to act as an alter ego of
- 989 the principal with respect to any matters and affairs not enumerated in
- 990 sections 1-44 to [1-54a] 1-54, inclusive, and which the principal can do
- 991 through an agent.
- 992 Sec. 521. Subsection (g) of section 17a-238 of the general statutes is
- 993 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 994 *October 1, 2006*):
- 995 (g) The commissioner's oversight and monitoring of the medical
- 996 care of persons placed or treated under the direction of the
- 997 commissioner does not include the authority to make treatment
- 998 decisions, except in limited circumstances in accordance with statutory
- 999 procedures. In the exercise of such oversight and monitoring
- 1000 responsibilities, the commissioner shall not impede or seek to impede a
- 1001 properly executed medical order to withhold cardiopulmonary
- 1002 resuscitation. For purposes of this subsection, "properly executed
- medical order to withhold cardiopulmonary resuscitation" means (1) a
- 1004 written order by the attending physician; (2) in consultation and with
- the consent of the patient or a person authorized by law; (3) when the attending physician is of the opinion that the patient is in a terminal
- attending physician is of the opinion that the patient is in a terminal
- 1007 condition, as defined in [subdivision (3) of] section 19a-570, <u>as</u> 1008 <u>amended by this act</u>, which condition will result in death within days

or weeks; and (4) when such physician has requested and obtained a second opinion from a Connecticut licensed physician in the appropriate specialty that confirms the patient's terminal condition; and includes the entry of such an order when the attending physician is of the opinion that the patient is in the final stage of a terminal condition but cannot state that the patient may be expected to expire during the next several days or weeks, or, in consultation with a physician qualified to make a neurological diagnosis, deems the patient to be permanently unconscious, provided the commissioner has reviewed the decision with the department's director of community medical services, the family and guardian of the patient and others who the commissioner deems appropriate, and determines that the order is a medically acceptable decision.

Sec. 522. Subsection (b) of section 17a-543 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 1024 October 1, 2006):

(b) No medical or surgical procedures may be performed without the patient's written informed consent or, if the patient has been declared incapable of caring for himself or herself pursuant to sections 45a-644 to 45a-662, inclusive, as amended, and a conservator of the person has been appointed pursuant to section 45a-650, the written consent of such conservator. If the head of the hospital, in consultation with a physician, determines that the condition of an involuntary patient not declared incapable of caring for himself or herself pursuant to said sections is of an extremely critical nature and such patient is incapable of informed consent, medical or surgical procedures may be performed with the written informed consent of: (1) The patient's health care representative; (2) the patient's conservator or guardian, if he or she has one; [(2)] (3) such person's next of kin; [(3)] (4) a person designated by the patient pursuant to section 1-56r; or [(4)] (5) a qualified physician appointed by a judge of the Probate Court. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, if obtaining the consent provided for in this section would cause a medically harmful delay to a voluntary or involuntary patient whose condition is of an extremely

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1043 critical nature, as determined by personal observation by a physician 1044 or the senior clinician on duty, emergency treatment may be provided 1045 without consent.

- Sec. 523. Subsection (a) of section 19a-279c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 1048 October 1, 2006):
- 1049 (a) Any member of the following classes of persons, in the order of 1050 priority listed, may make an anatomical gift of all or a part of the 1051 decedent's body for an authorized purpose, unless the decedent, before 1052 or at the time of death, has made an unrevoked refusal to make that 1053 anatomical gift: (1) The spouse of the decedent; (2) a person designated 1054 by the decedent pursuant to section 1-56r; (3) an adult son or daughter 1055 of the decedent; (4) either parent of the decedent; (5) an adult brother 1056 or sister of the decedent; (6) a grandparent of the decedent; (7) a 1057 guardian of the person of the decedent at the time of death; (8) any 1058 person legally authorized to make health care decisions for the 1059 decedent prior to death, including, but not limited to, a health care 1060 [agent] representative appointed under section 19a-576, as amended by 1061 this act; and (9) a conservator of the person, as defined in section 45a-1062 644, as amended.
- Sec. 524. Section 19a-570 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- For purposes of this section, [and] sections 19a-571 to 19a-580c, inclusive, as amended by this act:
- [(1) "Life support system" means any medical procedure or intervention which, when applied to an individual, would serve only to postpone the moment of death or maintain the individual in a state of permanent unconsciousness. In these circumstances, such procedures shall include, but are not limited to, mechanical or electronic devices including artificial means of providing nutrition or hydration;

1074 (2) "Beneficial medical treatment" includes the use of medically appropriate treatment including surgery, treatment, medication and the utilization of artificial technology to sustain life;

- (3) "Terminal condition" means the final stage of an incurable or irreversible medical condition which, without the administration of a life support system, will result in death within a relatively short time, in the opinion of the attending physician;
- (4) "Permanently unconscious" includes permanent coma and persistent vegetative state and means an irreversible condition in which the individual is at no time aware of himself or the environment and shows no behavioral response to the environment;
 - (5) "Health care agent" means an adult person to whom authority to convey health care decisions is delegated in a written document by another adult person, known as the principal;
- 1088 (6) "Incapacitated" means being unable to understand and 1089 appreciate the nature and consequences of health care decisions, 1090 including the benefits and disadvantages of such treatment, and to 1091 reach and communicate an informed decision regarding the treatment;
 - (7) "Living will" means a written statement in compliance with section 19a-575a containing a declarant's wishes concerning any aspect of his health care, including the withholding or withdrawal of life support systems;
- 1096 (8) "Next of kin" means any member of the following classes of 1097 persons, in the order of priority listed: (A) The spouse of the patient; 1098 (B) an adult son or daughter of the patient; (C) either parent of the patient; (D) an adult brother or sister of the patient; and (E) a 1100 grandparent of the patient;
- 1101 (9) "Attending physician" means the physician selected by, or 1102 assigned to, the patient and who has primary responsibility for the 1103 treatment and care of the patient.]

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(1) "Advance health care directive" or "advance directive" means a writing executed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, including, but not limited to, a living will, or an appointment of health care representative, or both;

(2) "Appointment of health care representative" means a document

- (2) "Appointment of health care representative" means a document executed in accordance with section 19a-575a, as amended by this act, or section 19a-577, as amended by this act, that appoints a health care representative to make health care decisions for the declarant in the event the declarant becomes incapacitated;
- 1113 (3) "Attending physician" means the physician selected by, or 1114 assigned to, the patient, who has primary responsibility for the 1115 treatment and care of the patient;
- 1116 (4) "Beneficial medical treatment" includes the use of medically 1117 appropriate treatment, including surgery, treatment, medication and 1118 the utilization of artificial technology to sustain life;
- 1119 (5) "Health care representative" means the individual appointed by
 1120 a declarant pursuant to an appointment of health care representative
 1121 for the purpose of making health care decisions on behalf of the
 1122 declarant;
- 1123 (6) "Incapacitated" means being unable to understand and
 1124 appreciate the nature and consequences of health care decisions,
 1125 including the benefits and disadvantages of such treatment, and to
 1126 reach and communicate an informed decision regarding the treatment;
- 1127 (7) "Life support system" means any medical procedure or
 1128 intervention which, when applied to an individual, would serve only
 1129 to postpone the moment of death or maintain the individual in a state
 1130 of permanent unconsciousness, including, but not limited to,
 1131 mechanical or electronic devices, including artificial means of
 1132 providing nutrition or hydration;
- 1133 (8) "Living will" means a written statement in compliance with

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section 19a-575a, as amended by this act, containing a declarant's

- wishes concerning any aspect of his or her health care, including the
- 1136 withholding or withdrawal of life support systems;
- 1137 (9) "Next of kin" means any member of the following classes of
- persons, in the order of priority listed: (A) The spouse of the patient;
- 1139 (B) an adult son or daughter of the patient; (C) either parent of the
- 1140 patient; (D) an adult brother or sister of the patient; and (E) a
- 1141 grandparent of the patient;
- 1142 (10) "Permanently unconscious" means an irreversible condition in
- which the individual is at no time aware of himself or herself or the
- 1144 environment and shows no behavioral response to the environment
- and includes permanent coma and persistent vegetative state;
- 1146 (11) "Terminal condition" means the final stage of an incurable or
- 1147 <u>irreversible medical condition which, without the administration of a</u>
- life support system, will result in death within a relatively short period
- 1149 <u>time, in the opinion of the attending physician.</u>
- 1150 Sec. 525. Subsection (a) of section 19a-571 of the general statutes is
- 1151 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 1152 October 1, 2006):
- 1153 (a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, any
- physician licensed under chapter 370 or any licensed medical facility
- who or which withholds, removes or causes the removal of a life
- support system of an incapacitated patient shall not be liable for
- damages in any civil action or subject to prosecution in any criminal
- 1158 proceeding for such withholding or removal, provided (1) the decision
- to withhold or remove such life support system is based on the best
- medical judgment of the attending physician in accordance with the
- usual and customary standards of medical practice; (2) the attending
- physician deems the patient to be in a terminal condition or, in consultation with a physician qualified to make a neurological
- diagnosis who has examined the patient, deems the patient to be
- 1165 permanently unconscious; and (3) the attending physician has

considered the patient's wishes concerning the withholding or withdrawal of life support systems. In the determination of the wishes of the patient, the attending physician shall consider the wishes as expressed by a document executed in accordance with sections 19a-575 and 19a-575a, if any such document is presented to, or in the possession of, the attending physician at the time the decision to withhold or terminate a life support system is made. If the wishes of the patient have not been expressed in a living will the attending physician shall determine the wishes of the patient by consulting any statement made by the patient directly to the attending physician and, if available, the patient's health care [agent] representative, the patient's next of kin, the patient's legal guardian or conservator, if any, any person designated by the patient in accordance with section 1-56r and any other person to whom the patient has communicated his wishes, if the attending physician has knowledge of such person. All persons acting on behalf of the patient shall act in good faith. If the attending physician does not deem the incapacitated patient to be in a terminal condition or permanently unconscious, beneficial medical treatment including nutrition and hydration must be provided.

Sec. 526. Section 19a-575 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):

Any person eighteen years of age or older may execute a document [which shall contain] <u>that contains</u> directions as to [specific life support systems which such person chooses to have administered] <u>any aspect of health care, including the withholding or withdrawal of life support systems</u>. Such document shall be signed and dated by the maker with at least two witnesses and may be in substantially the following form:

DOCUMENT CONCERNING <u>HEALTH CARE AND</u> WITHHOLDING OR WITHDRAWAL OF LIFE SUPPORT SYSTEMS.

If the time comes when I am incapacitated to the point when I can no longer actively take part in decisions for my own life, and am unable to direct my physician as to my own medical care, I wish this

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statement to stand as a testament of my wishes.

1199 "I, (Name), request that, if my condition is deemed terminal or if 1200 it is determined that I will be permanently unconscious, I be allowed to 1201 die and not be kept alive through life support systems. By terminal 1202 condition, I mean that I have an incurable or irreversible medical 1203 condition which, without the administration of life support systems, 1204 will, in the opinion of my attending physician, result in death within a 1205 relatively short time. By permanently unconscious I mean that I am in 1206 a permanent coma or persistent vegetative state which is an 1207 irreversible condition in which I am at no time aware of myself or the 1208 environment and show no behavioral response to the environment. 1209 The life support systems which I do not want include, but are not 1210 limited to:

- 1211 Artificial respiration
- 1212 Cardiopulmonary resuscitation
- 1213 Artificial means of providing nutrition and hydration
- 1214 (Cross out and initial life support systems you want administered)
- I do not intend any direct taking of my life, but only that my dying
- 1216 not be unreasonably prolonged."
- 1217 Other specific requests:
- 1218 "This request is made, after careful reflection, while I am of sound
- 1219 mind."
- 1220 (Signature)
- 1221 (Date)
- 1222 This document was signed in our presence, by the above-named
- 1223 (Name) who appeared to be eighteen years of age or older, of sound
- mind and able to understand the nature and consequences of health
- care decisions at the time the document was signed.
- 1226 (Witness)

1227 (Address) 1228 (Witness) 1229 (Address) 1230 Sec. 527. Section 19a-575a of the general statutes is repealed and the 1231 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*): 1232 (a) Any person eighteen years of age or older may execute a 1233 document [which] that contains health care instructions, the 1234 appointment of a [health care agent, the appointment of an attorney-1235 in-fact for health care decisions] health care representative, the 1236 designation of a conservator of the person for future incapacity and a 1237 document of anatomical gift. Any such document shall be signed and 1238 dated by the maker with at least two witnesses and may be in the 1239 substantially following form: 1240 THESE ARE MY HEALTH CARE INSTRUCTIONS. 1241 MY APPOINTMENT OF A HEALTH CARE [AGENT, 1242 MY APPOINTMENT OF AN ATTORNEY-IN-FACT 1243 FOR HEALTH CARE DECISIONS REPRESENTATIVE, 1244 THE DESIGNATION OF MY CONSERVATOR OF THE PERSON 1245 FOR MY FUTURE INCAPACITY 1246 AND 1247 MY DOCUMENT OF ANATOMICAL GIFT 1248 To any physician who is treating me: These are my health care 1249 instructions including those concerning the withholding or withdrawal 1250 of life support systems, together with the appointment of my health 1251 care [agent and my attorney-in-fact for health care decisions] 1252 representative, the designation of my conservator of the person for 1253 future incapacity and my document of anatomical gift. As my 1254 physician, you may rely on these health care instructions and any 1255 decision made by my health care [agent, attorney-in-fact for health care 1256 decisions] representative or conservator of my person, if I am [unable 1257 to make a decision for myself] incapacitated to the point when I can no

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longer actively take part in decisions for my own life, and am unable to

direct my physician as to my own medical care.

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I,, the author of this document, request that, if my condition is deemed terminal or if I am determined to be permanently unconscious, I be allowed to die and not be kept alive through life support systems. By terminal condition, I mean that I have an incurable or irreversible medical condition which, without the administration of life support systems, will, in the opinion of my attending physician, result in death within a relatively short time. By permanently unconscious I mean that I am in a permanent coma or persistent vegetative state which is an irreversible condition in which I am at no time aware of myself or the environment and show no behavioral response to the environment. The life support systems which I do not want include, but are not limited to: Artificial respiration, cardiopulmonary resuscitation and artificial means of providing nutrition and hydration. I do want sufficient pain medication to maintain my physical comfort. I do not intend any direct taking of my life, but only that my dying not be unreasonably prolonged.

I appoint to be my health care [agent and my attorney-in-fact for health care decisions] <u>representative</u>. If my attending physician determines that I am unable to understand and appreciate the nature and consequences of health care decisions and unable to reach and communicate an informed decision regarding treatment, my health care [agent and attorney-in-fact for health care decisions] representative is authorized to [:]

- [(1) Convey to my physician my wishes concerning the withholding or removal of life support systems;
- 1286 (2) Take whatever actions are necessary to ensure that any wishes 1287 are given effect;
- 1288 (3) Consent, refuse or withdraw consent to any medical treatment as 1289 long as such action is consistent with my wishes concerning the 1290 withholding or removal of life support systems; and

1291 (4) Consent to any medical treatment designed solely for the 1292 purpose of maintaining physical comfort] make any and all health care 1293 decisions for me, including the decision to accept or refuse any 1294 treatment, service or procedure used to diagnose or treat my physical 1295 or mental condition, except as otherwise provided by law, including, 1296 but not limited to, psychosurgery or shock therapy, and the decision to 1297 provide, withhold or withdraw life support systems. I direct my health 1298 care representative to make decisions on my behalf in accordance with 1299 my wishes, as stated in this document or as otherwise known to my 1300 health care representative. In the event my wishes are not clear or a 1301 situation arises that I did not anticipate, my health care representative 1302 may make a decision in my best interests, based upon what is known 1303 of my wishes.

- If is unwilling or unable to serve as my health care [agent and my attorney-in-fact for health care decisions] <u>representative</u>, I appoint to be my alternative health care [agent and my attorney-in-fact for health care decisions] <u>representative</u>.
- If a conservator of my person should need to be appointed, I designate be appointed my conservator. If is unwilling or unable to serve as my conservator, I designate No bond shall be required of either of them in any jurisdiction.
- I hereby make this anatomical gift, if medically acceptable, to take effect upon my death.
- I give: (check one)

 I give: (
- 1314 These requests, appointments, and designations are made after

careful reflection, while I am of sound mind. Any party receiving a duly executed copy or facsimile of this document may rely upon it unless such party has received actual notice of my revocation of it.

T8 Date, 20...

T9 L.S.

This document was signed in our presence by the author of this document, who appeared to be eighteen years of age or older, of sound mind and able to understand the nature and consequences of health care decisions at the time this document was signed. The author appeared to be under no improper influence. We have subscribed this document in the author's presence and at the author's request and in the presence of each other.

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 (Witness)

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 (Number and Street)

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 (City, State and Zip Code)

 (City, State and Zip Code)

STATE OF CONNECTICUT

COUNTY OF

Ss.

We, the subscribing witnesses, being duly sworn, say that we witnessed the execution of these health care instructions, the appointments of a health care [agent and an attorney-in-fact] representative, the designation of a conservator for future incapacity and a document of anatomical gift by the author of this document; that the author subscribed, published and declared the same to be the author's instructions, appointments and designation in our presence; that we thereafter subscribed the document as witnesses in the author's presence, at the author's request, and in the presence of each

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1334	other; that at the time of the execution of said document the aut	
1335	appeared to us to be eighteen years of age or older, of sound mi	
1336	able to understand the nature and consequences of said document, a	
1337	under no improper influence, and we make this affidavit at	the
1338	author's request this day of 20	
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T17	(Witness) (Witness	3)
1339	Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of 20	
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T19	Commissioner of the Superior Coun	rt
T20	Notary Public	
T21	My commission expires:	
1340	(Print or type name of all persons signing under all signatures)	
1341	(b) Except as provided in section 19a-579b, as amended by this	act,
1342	an appointment of health care representative may only be revoked	by
1343	the declarant, in writing, and the writing shall be signed by	the
1344	declarant and two witnesses.	
1345	(c) The attending physician or other health care provider shall m	<u>ake</u>
1346	the revocation of an appointment of health care representative a par	t of
1347	the declarant's medical record.	
1348	(d) In the absence of knowledge of the revocation of an appointm	ent
1349	of health care representative, a person who carries out an adva	<u>nce</u>
1350	directive pursuant to the provisions of chapter 368w shall not	be
1351	subject to civil or criminal liability or discipline for unprofession	nal
1352	conduct for carrying out such advance directive.	
1353	(e) The revocation of an appointment of health care representat	ive
1354	does not, of itself, revoke the living will of the declarant.	
1355	Sec. 528. Section 19a-576 of the general statutes is repealed and	the

following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):

(a) Any person eighteen years of age or older may appoint a health care [agent] <u>representative</u> by executing a document in accordance with section 19a-575a, <u>as amended by this act</u>, or section 19a-577, <u>as amended by this act</u>, signed and dated by such person in the presence of two adult witnesses who shall also sign the document. The person appointed as [agent] <u>representative</u> shall not act as witness to the execution of such document or sign such document.

- (b) For persons who reside in facilities operated or licensed by the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services, at least one witness shall be an individual who is not affiliated with the facility and at least one witness shall be a physician or <u>licensed</u> clinical psychologist with specialized training in treating mental illness.
- (c) For persons who reside in facilities operated or licensed by the Department of Mental Retardation, at least one witness shall be an individual who is not affiliated with the facility and at least one witness shall be a physician or <u>licensed</u> clinical psychologist with specialized training in developmental disabilities.
 - (d) An operator, administrator [,] or employee of a hospital, residential care home, rest home with nursing supervision [,] or chronic and convalescent nursing home may not be appointed as a health care [agent] representative by any person who, at the time of the appointment, is a patient or a resident of, or has applied for admission to, one of the foregoing facilities. An administrator or employee of a government agency [which] that is financially responsible for a person's medical care may not be appointed as a health care [agent] representative for such person. This restriction shall not apply if such operator, administrator or employee is related to the principal by blood, marriage or adoption.
- 1385 (e) A physician shall not act as both [agent] <u>health care</u> 1386 <u>representative</u> for a principal and attending physician for the principal.

1387 Sec. 529. Section 19a-577 of the general statutes is repealed and the 1388 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*): 1389 [(a)] Any person eighteen years of age or older may execute a 1390 document that may, but need not be in substantially the following 1391 form: 1392 DOCUMENT CONCERNING THE APPOINTMENT OF HEALTH 1393 CARE [AGENT] REPRESENTATIVE 1394 "I understand that, as a competent adult, I have the right to make 1395 decisions about my health care. There may come a time when I am 1396 unable, due to incapacity, to make my own health care decisions. In 1397 these circumstances, those caring for me will need direction and will 1398 turn to someone who knows my values and health care wishes. By 1399 signing this appointment of health care representative, I appoint a 1400 health care representative with legal authority to make health care 1401 decisions on my behalf in such case or at such time. 1402 I appoint (Name) to be my health care [agent] representative. If 1403 my attending physician determines that I am unable to understand 1404 and appreciate the nature and consequences of health care decisions 1405 and to reach and communicate an informed decision regarding 1406 treatment, my health care [agent] representative is authorized to [:] 1407 [(1) Convey to my physician my wishes concerning the withholding 1408 or removal of life support systems. 1409 (2) Take whatever actions are necessary to ensure that my wishes 1410 are given effect] accept or refuse any treatment, service or procedure 1411 used to diagnose or treat my physical or mental condition, except as 1412 otherwise provided by law, including, but not limited to, 1413 psychosurgery or shock therapy, and the decision to provide, withhold 1414 or withdraw life support systems. I direct my health care 1415 representative to make decisions on my behalf in accordance with my 1416 wishes as stated in a living will, or as otherwise known to my health 1417 care representative. In the event my wishes are not clear or a situation

arises that I did not anticipate, my health care representative may 1418 1419 make a decision in my best interests, based upon what is known of my 1420 wishes. 1421 If this person is unwilling or unable to serve as my health care 1422 [agent] representative, I appoint (Name) to be my alternative health 1423 care [agent] representative." 1424 "This request is made, after careful reflection, while I am of sound mind." 1425 1426 (Signature) 1427 (Date) 1428 This document was signed in our presence, by the above-named 1429 (Name) who appeared to be eighteen years of age or older, of sound 1430 mind and able to understand the nature and consequences of health 1431 care decisions at the time the document was signed. 1432 (Witness) 1433 (Address) 1434 (Witness) 1435 (Address) 1436 Sec. 530. Section 19a-578 of the general statutes is repealed and the 1437 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*): 1438 (a) Any or all of the attesting witnesses to any living will document 1439 or any document appointing a health care [agent] representative may, 1440 at the request of the declarant, make and sign an affidavit before any 1441 officer authorized to administer oaths in or out of this state, stating 1442 such facts as they would be required to testify to in court to prove such 1443 living will. The affidavit shall be written on the living will document, 1444 or if that is impracticable, on some paper attached thereto. The sworn 1445 statement of any such witness so taken shall be accepted by [the Court 1446 of Probate] a court of competent jurisdiction as if it had been taken

before such court.

(b) A physician or other health care provider who is furnished with a copy of a written living will or appointment of health care [agent] representative shall make it a part of the declarant's medical record. A physician or other health care provider shall also record in the patient's medical record any oral communication concerning any aspect of [his] the patient's health care, including the withholding or withdrawal of life support systems, made by the patient directly to the physician or other health care provider or to the patient's health care [agent] representative, legal guardian, conservator, next-of-kin or person designated in accordance with section 1-56r.

- Sec. 531. Section 19a-579 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
 - A living will or appointment of health care [agent] representative becomes operative when (1) the document is furnished to the attending physician, and (2) the declarant is determined by the attending physician to be incapacitated. At any time after the appointment of a health care representative, the attending physician shall disclose such determination of incapacity, in writing, upon the request of the person named as the health care representative.
- Sec. 532. Section 19a-579a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- 1469 (a) A living will [or appointment of health care agent] may be 1470 revoked at any time and in any manner by the declarant, without 1471 regard to the declarant's mental or physical condition.
- 1472 (b) The attending physician or other health care provider shall make 1473 the revocation a part of the declarant's medical record.
- (c) In the absence of knowledge of the revocation [either] of a living will, [or an appointment of health care agent,] a person is not subject to civil or criminal liability or discipline for unprofessional conduct for carrying out the living will pursuant to the requirements of sections 19a-570, as amended by this act, 19a-571, as amended by this act, 19a-

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1479 573 and 19a-575 to 19a-580c, inclusive, as amended by this act.

- Sec. 533. Section 19a-579b of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 1481 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- The appointment of the principal's spouse as health care [agent]
- representative shall be revoked upon the divorce or legal separation of
- the principal and spouse or upon the annulment or dissolution of their
- marriage, unless the principal specifies otherwise.
- Sec. 534. Section 19a-580 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- 1488 Within a reasonable time prior to withholding or causing the
- 1489 removal of any life support system pursuant to sections 19a-570, as
- amended by this act, 19a-571, as amended by this act, 19a-573 and 19a-
- 1491 575 to 19a-580c, inclusive, as amended by this act, the attending
- 1492 physician shall make reasonable efforts to notify the individual's
- 1493 health care [agent] representative, next-of-kin, legal guardian,
- 1494 conservator or person designated in accordance with section 1-56r, if
- 1495 available.
- Sec. 535. Section 19a-580b of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- No physician, health care provider or health care insurer shall
- 1499 require a person to execute a living will or appoint a health care
- 1500 [agent] representative as a condition of treatment or receiving health
- 1501 care benefits.
- 1502 Sec. 536. Section 19a-580c of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- 1504 (a) The probate court for the district in which the person is
- domiciled or is located at the time of the dispute shall have jurisdiction
- 1506 over any dispute concerning the meaning or application of any
- 1507 provision of sections 19a-570, as amended by this act, 19a-571, as
- 1508 amended by this act, 19a-573 and 19a-575 to 19a-580c, inclusive, as

amended by this act. With respect to any communication of a patient's

- 1510 wishes other than by means of a document executed in accordance
- with [section] sections 19a-575 and 19a-575a, as amended by this act,
- the court shall consider whether there is clear and convincing evidence
- 1513 of such communication.
- 1514 (b) The probate court for the district in which the person is
- domiciled or is located at the time of the dispute shall have jurisdiction
- 1516 over any dispute concerning the capacity of the health care
- representative or over any claim that the actions of the person named
- as health care representative would interfere with the treatment of the
- declarant or the person named as health care representative.
- (c) A person whose appointment as a health care representative has
- been revoked shall have standing to file a claim challenging the
- validity of such revocation with the probate court for the district in
- which the declarant is domiciled or is located at the time of the
- 1524 dispute.
- 1525 Sec. 537. Subsection (h) of section 45a-650 of the general statutes is
- 1526 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 1527 October 1, 2006):
- 1528 (h) The court may limit the powers and duties of either the
- 1529 conservator of the person or the conservator of the estate, to include
- some, but not all, of the powers and duties set forth in subsections (a)
- and (b) of section 45a-644, as amended, and sections 45a-655 and 45a-
- 1532 656, as amended, and shall make specific findings to justify such a
- limitation, in the best interests of the ward. In determining whether or
- 1534 not any such limitations should be imposed, the court shall consider
- 1535 the abilities of the ward, the prior appointment of any attorney-in-fact,
- 1536 health care [agent] <u>representative</u>, trustee or other fiduciary acting on
- behalf of the ward, any support services which are otherwise available
- 1538 to the ward, and any other relevant evidence. The court may modify its
- 1539 decree upon any change in circumstances.
- 1540 Sec. 538. Subsection (a) of section 45a-654 of the 2006 supplement to

the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):

(a) Upon written application for appointment of a temporary conservator brought by any person deemed by the court to have sufficient interest in the welfare of the respondent, including, but not limited to, the spouse or any relative of the respondent, the first selectman, chief executive officer or head of the department of welfare of the town of residence or domicile of any respondent, the Commissioner of Social Services, the board of directors of any charitable organization, as defined in section 21a-190a, or the chief administrative officer of any nonprofit hospital or such officer's designee, the Court of Probate may appoint a temporary conservator if the court finds that: (1) The respondent is incapable of managing his or her affairs or incapable of caring for himself or herself, and (2) immediate and irreparable injury to the mental or physical health or financial or legal affairs of the respondent will result if a temporary conservator is not appointed pursuant to this section. The court may, in its discretion, require the temporary conservator to give a probate bond. The court shall limit the duties, responsibilities and powers of the temporary conservator to the circumstances that gave rise to the application and shall make specific findings to justify such limitation. In making such findings, the court shall consider the present and previously expressed wishes of the respondent, the abilities of the respondent, any prior appointment of an attorney-in-fact, health care [agent] representative, trustee or other fiduciary acting on behalf of the respondent, any support service otherwise available to the respondent and any other relevant evidence. The temporary conservator shall have charge of the property or of the person of the respondent or both for such period of time or for such specific occasion as the court finds to be necessary, provided a temporary appointment shall not be valid for more than thirty days, unless at any time while the appointment of a temporary conservator is in effect, an application is filed for appointment of a conservator of the person or estate under section 45a-650. The court may (A) extend the appointment of the temporary

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1575 conservator until the disposition of such application under section 45a-

- 1576 650, or for an additional thirty days, whichever occurs first, or (B)
- 1577 terminate the appointment of a temporary conservator upon a
- showing that the circumstances that gave rise to the application for
- 1579 appointment of a temporary conservator no longer exist.
- 1580 Sec. 539. Subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of section 52-184d of the
- 1581 2006 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following
- is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- 1583 (3) "Representative" means a legal guardian, attorney, health care
- 1584 [agent] representative or any person recognized in law or custom as a
- 1585 patient's agent.
- 1586 Sec. 540. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2006) (a) Except as authorized
- by a court of competent jurisdiction, a conservator shall comply with a
- 1588 ward's individual health care instructions and other wishes, if any,
- 1589 expressed while the ward had capacity and to the extent known to the
- 1590 conservator, and the conservator may not revoke the ward's advance
- 1591 health care directive unless the appointing court expressly so
- 1592 authorizes.
- (b) Absent a court order to the contrary, a health care decision of a
- 1594 health care representative takes precedence over that of a conservator,
- 1595 except under the following circumstances: (1) When the health care
- 1596 decision concerns a person who is subject to the provisions of section
- 1597 17a-566, 17a-587, 17a-588 of the general statutes or section 54-56d of the
- 1598 2006 supplement to the general statutes; (2) when a conservator has
- 1599 been appointed to a ward who is subject to an order authorized under
- 1600 subsection (e) of section 17a-543 of the general statutes, for the
- 1601 duration of the ward's hospitalization; or (3) when a conservator has
- been appointed to a ward subject to an order authorized under section
- 1603 17a-543a of the general statutes.
- Sec. 541. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2006) An advance directive
- properly executed prior to October 1, 2006, shall have the same legal
- 1606 force and effect as if it had been executed in accordance with the

provisions of chapter 368w of the general statutes.

1608 Sec. 542. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2006) Health care instructions or 1609 appointment of a health care proxy executed under the laws of another 1610 state in compliance with the laws of that state or the state of 1611 Connecticut, and which are not contrary to the public policy of this 1612 state, are deemed validly executed for purposes of chapter 368w of the 1613 general statutes. Health care instructions or appointment of a health 1614 care proxy executed in a foreign country in compliance with the laws 1615 of the country or the state of Connecticut, and which are not contrary 1616 to the public policy of this state, are deemed validly executed for the 1617 purposes of chapter 368w of the general statutes. A healthcare 1618 provider may rely on such health care instructions or recognize such 1619 appointment of a health care proxy based upon any of the following: 1620 (1) An order or decision by a court of competent jurisdiction; (2) 1621 presentation of a notarized statement from the patient or person 1622 offering the health care proxy that the proxy (A) is valid under the 1623 laws of the state or country in which it was made, and (B) is not 1624 contrary to the public policy of this state; or (3) the healthcare 1625 provider's own good faith legal analysis.

Sec. 543. Subsection (b) of section 20-73 of the general statutes, as amended by substitute senate bill 164 of the current session, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof: (*Effective October 1*, 2006):

(b) (1) The treatment of human ailments by physical therapy shall only be performed by a person licensed under the provisions of this chapter as a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant. Except as otherwise provided in subdivisions (2) and (3) of this subsection, such treatment may be performed by a licensed physical therapist without an oral or written referral by a person licensed in this state to practice medicine and surgery, podiatry, natureopathy, chiropractic or dentistry, or an advanced practice registered nurse licensed to prescribe in accordance with section 20-94a or a physician assistant licensed to prescribe in accordance with section 20-12d of the 2006

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supplement to the general statutes, provided the licensed physical therapist (A) [earned] was admitted to a bachelor's degree program prior to January 1, 1998, and has practiced physical therapy for at least four out of the most recent six years of his or her clinical practice, or earned a master's degree or higher in physical therapy from an accredited institution of higher education, (B) requires any person receiving such treatment to disclose or affirmatively confirm the identity of such person's primary care provider or health care provider of record upon each initial visit for treatment without an oral or written referral, (C) provides information to any person seeking such treatment regarding the need to consult with such person's primary care provider or health care provider of record regarding such person's underlying medical condition if the condition is prolonged, does not improve within a thirty-day period, or continues to require ongoing continuous treatment, and (D) refers any person receiving such treatment to an appropriate licensed practitioner of the healing arts if, upon examination or reexamination, the same condition for which the person sought physical therapy does not demonstrate objective, measurable, functional improvement in a period of thirty consecutive days or at the end of six visits, whichever is earlier.

(2) In any case in which a person seeking such treatment requires a Grade V spinal manipulation, such treatment shall only be performed (A) upon the oral or written referral of a person licensed in this state, or in a state having licensing requirements meeting the approval of the appropriate examining board in this state, to practice medicine and surgery, podiatry, natureopathy, chiropractic or dentistry, or an advanced practice registered nurse licensed to prescribe in accordance with section 20-94a or a physician assistant licensed to prescribe in accordance with section 20-12d, as amended, and (B) by a licensed physical therapist who (i) [earned] was admitted to a bachelor's degree program prior to January 1, 1998, and has practiced physical therapy for at least four out of the most recent six years of his or her clinical practice, or earned a master's degree or higher in physical therapy from an accredited institution of higher education, and (ii) holds a

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specialist certification in orthopedic physical therapy from the American Physical Therapy Association, or proof of completion of forty hours of course work in manual therapy, including Grade V spinal manipulation. Nothing in this section shall prevent a physical therapist from providing wellness care within the scope of physical therapy practice to asymptomatic persons without a referral. Nothing in this section shall require an employer or insurer to pay for such wellness care.

(3) In any case involving an injury, as described in section 31-275 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes, such treatment shall only be performed upon the oral or written referral of a person licensed in this state or in a state having licensing requirements meeting the standards set by the Department of Public Health and the appropriate examining board in this state to practice medicine and surgery, podiatry, natureopathy, chiropractic or dentistry, or an advanced practice registered nurse licensed to prescribe in accordance with section 20-94a or a physician assistant licensed to prescribe in accordance with section 20-12d, as amended.

Sec. 544. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2006) (a) Each person licensed to practice physical therapy under the provisions of chapter 376 of the general statutes who provides direct patient care services shall maintain professional liability insurance or other indemnity against liability for professional malpractice. The amount of insurance which each such person shall carry as insurance or indemnity against claims for injury or death for professional malpractice shall not be less than five hundred thousand dollars for one person, per occurrence, with an aggregate of not less than one million five hundred thousand dollars.

(b) Each insurance company which issues professional liability insurance, as defined in subdivision (10) of subsection (b) of section 38a-393 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, shall on and after January 1, 2007, render to the Commissioner of Public Health a true record of the names and addresses, according to classification, of cancellations of and refusals to renew professional liability insurance

policies and the reasons for such cancellation or refusal to renew said policies for the year ending on the thirty-first day of December next preceding.

- Sec. 545. Subsection (a) of section 19a-7d of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1712 1, 2006):
- 1713 (a) The Commissioner of Public Health may establish, within 1714 available appropriations, a program to provide three-year grants to 1715 community-based providers of primary care services in order to 1716 expand access to health care for the uninsured. The grants may be 1717 awarded to community-based providers of primary care for (1) 1718 funding for direct services, (2) recruitment and retention of primary 1719 care clinicians and registered nurses through subsidizing of salaries or 1720 through a loan repayment program, and (3) capital expenditures. The 1721 community-based providers of primary care under the direct service 1722 program shall provide, or arrange access to, primary and preventive 1723 services, referrals to specialty services, including rehabilitative and 1724 mental health services, inpatient care, prescription drugs, basic 1725 diagnostic laboratory services, health education and outreach to alert 1726 people to the availability of services. Primary care clinicians and 1727 registered nurses participating in the state loan repayment program or receiving subsidies shall provide services to the uninsured based on a 1728 1729 sliding fee schedule, provide free care if necessary, accept Medicare 1730 assignment and participate as a Medicaid provider, or provide nursing 1731 services in school-based health centers. The commissioner may adopt 1732 regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to 1733 establish eligibility criteria, services to be provided by participants, the 1734 sliding fee schedule, reporting requirements and the loan repayment 1735 program. For the purposes of this section, "primary care clinicians" 1736 includes family practice physicians, general practice osteopaths, 1737 obstetricians and gynecologists, internal medicine physicians, 1738 pediatricians, dentists, certified nurse midwives, advanced practice 1739 registered nurses, physician assistants and dental hygienists.

Sec. 546. Section 38a-393 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):

- (a) Each insurance company doing business in this state shall, annually, on or before the first day of March, render to the Insurance Commissioner a true record of the number, according to classification, of cancellations of and refusals to renew professional liability insurance policies for the year ending on the thirty-first day of December next preceding.
- 1748 (b) For purposes of sections 38a-393 to 38a-395, inclusive, as 1749 amended, "professional liability insurance" means professional liability 1750 contracts for: (1) Physicians and surgeons, (2) hospitals, (3) lawyers, (4) 1751 dentists, (5) architects and engineers, (6) chiropractors, (7) licensed 1752 natureopaths, (8) podiatrists, [and] (9) advanced practice registered 1753 nurses, and (10) physical therapists and such other categories as the 1754 Insurance Commissioner, in the commissioner's discretion, shall adopt 1755 by regulations in accordance with chapter 54.
- Sec. 547. Sections 7-244g to 7-244s, inclusive, of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes are repealed. (*Effective from passage*)
- 1758 Sec. 548. Section 1-54a of the general statutes is repealed. (*Effective October 1, 2006*)"